Overview First-Quarter Results for FY2013

August 5, 2013



This document contains forecasts and other forward-looking statements that are based on information available at the time of preparation of this document. Actual business results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements due to various factors.

Consolidated P/L

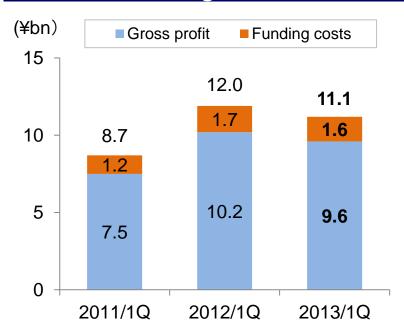
- Although there was a decline in gross profit, the improvement in credit costs resulted in a significant increase in profit at all levels
 - Credit costs in 1Q were negative ¥1.0bn (In the previous term there was ¥3.5bn in provisions)
- Profit at all levels were higher than the level needed to be on pace to achieve full year forecasts

Consolidated P/L (¥bn)	FY11 1Q	FY12 1Q (a)	FY13 1Q (b)	Change (b)-(a)	Percentag e change (b)/(a)	FY13 Forecast <% change>
Operating revenue	66.0	86.7	86.8	+0.1	+0%	<26.3%> 330.0
Gross profit before write- offs, funding costs	8.7	12.0	11.1	-0.9	-7%	
(Funding costs)	(1.2)	(1.7)	(1.6)	(-0.1)	(-11%)	
Gross profit	7.5	10.2	9.6	-0.6	-6%	_
(General expenses)	(3.6)	(4.9)	(4.8)	(-0.1)	(-3%)	_
Operating income	4.1	1.8	5.8	+4.0	+227%	<37.5%> 15.5
Ordinary income	4.2	2.0	6.0	+4.0	+196%	<35.9%> 16.6
(Ordinary income before write-offs)	(4.0)	(5.5)	(4.9)	(-0.6)	(-10%)	_
(Credit costs)	(-0.3)	(3.5)	(-1.0)	(-4.5)	(-%)	_
Net income	2.5	0.9	3.6	+2.7	+308%	<35.9%> 10.0

P/L Overview

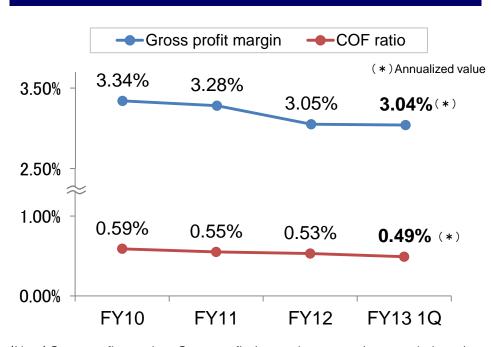
- Amid continued low interest rates, gross profit before write-offs and funding costs declined due to the impact of lower investment yield following operating asset replacement
- Worked to secure quality funding, funding costs declined as financing rates continued to decline
- Gross profit margin was largely unchanged versus FY2012

Gross profit before write-offs, funding costs



(Note) Gross profit = Gross profit before write-offs and funding costs – funding costs

Yield



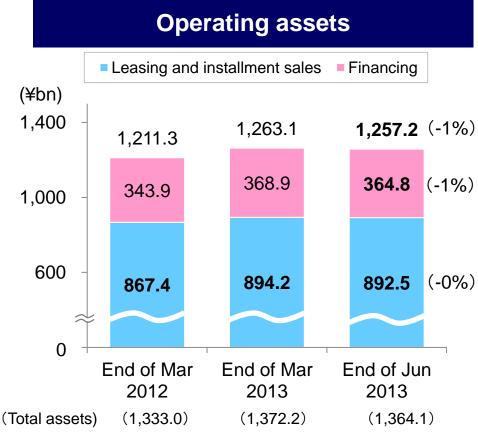
(Note) Gross profit margin = Gross profit / operating assets (average balance) Funding cost ratio = Funding costs / operating assets (average balance)

Sales

- Contract execution volume declined slightly year on year due to the decline in financing transactions (factoring, etc.)
 - Leasing and installment sales increased 8% year on year
- With respect to the operating assets balance, both leasing and installment sales as well as financing were roughly unchanged versus March 31, 2013.

Contract execution volume Leasing and installment sales Financing (¥bn) 200 170.8 **165.7** (-3%) 150 **83.4** (-12%) 94.5 100 66.7 17.7 50 82.3 (+8%)76.2 49.0 0 2011/1Q 2012/1Q 2013/1Q

<Reference>Industry leasing volume for FY2013 1Q was up 5.4% YoY (according to Japan Leasing Association data)



Contract Execution Volume by Equipment Type

[Industrial and factory]
Captured large auto-related projects, securing considerable volume

[Information and communications] Responded to large-scale increase in investment in communications equipment

(Transport)

Downturn as a reaction to higher demand due to eco-car subsidies

[Construction]

Captured strong domestic demand Overseas business bottomed out

[Medical]

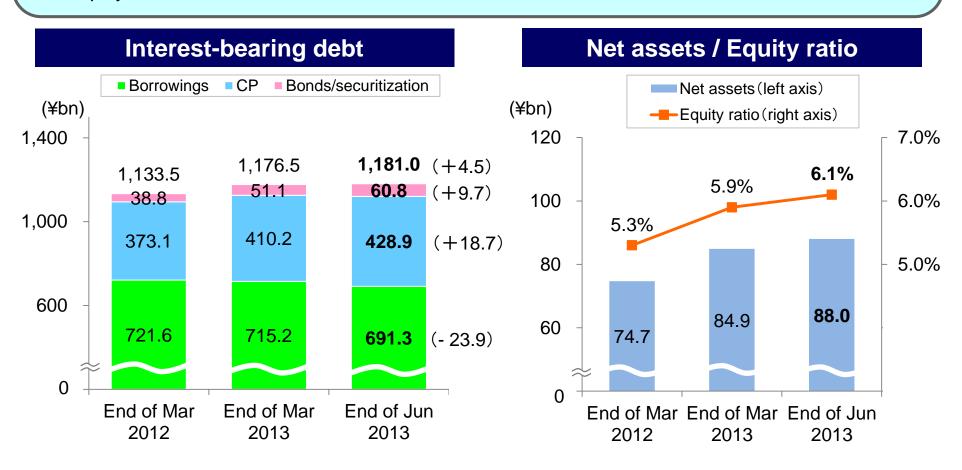
Strong performance with the capture of projects introduced by vendors

Contract execution volume by equipment type

(¥bn)	FY11 1Q	FY12 1Q	FY13 1Q	Percentage change	
Industrial and factory	10.4	21.9	19.2	- 2.7	(- 12%)
Information and communications	13.4	15.1	27.1	+ 12.0	(+79%)
Transport	5.3	9.0	6.6	- 2.4	(- 27%)
Construction	5.8	7.2	8.3	+ 1.1	(+15%)
Medical	2.7	5.2	5.4	+ 0.2	(+4%)
Commerce and services	5.7	7.7	6.1	-1.6	(- 21%)
Clerical	1.6	3.0	3.0	+ 0	(+1%)
Other	4.0	7.1	6.6	-0.5	(- 7%)
Total	49.0	76.2	82.3	+ 6.1	(+8%)

Interest-bearing Debt and Net Assets

- In addition to the active use of CP, issued 2nd issuance of corporate bonds totaling ¥10bn in June (3-Year bonds, Coupon: 0.348%)
- Net assets increased ¥3.1bn versus March 31, 2013 to ¥88bn, due to the accumulation of net income and other factors
 - Equity ratio increased 0.2% versus March 31, 2013



Full Year Forecast

- Focus on achieving profit targets set out in the 3rd Medium-term Management Plan and solidifying base for further growth
- Strong progress towards meeting targets in 1Q due to decline in credit costs, but due to continued low interest rates in conjunction with monetary easing and other factors, full-year earnings forecast is cautious based on assumption of a continued competitive environment
- Plan to pay an annual dividend of ¥52 per share in FY2013 (+¥2 per share); 12th straight year of increase

	FY2012	FY2013(E)			Change	Percentage
(¥bn)	(a)	(b)	1Q	Progress rate	Change (b)-(a)	change (b)/(a)
Revenues	352.5	330.0	86.8	26.3%	- 22.5	- 6.4%
Operating income	14.7	15.5	5.8	37.5%	+0.8	+5.7%
Ordinary income	15.4	16.6	6.0	35.9%	+1.2	+8.0%
Net income	8.9	10.0	3.6	35.9%	+1.1	+12.1%
Appual dividand	VEO	VEO	LV2	1	-	

Annual dividend	¥50		¥52	+¥2
Interim dividend	¥24	(Plan)	¥26	+¥2
Year-end dividend	¥26	(Plan)	¥26	_